TIMKEN

U SERIES TIMKEN® BALL BEARING HOUSED UNIT INSTALLATION GUIDE

UK SERIES

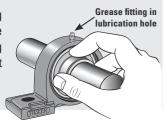
INSTALLATION UC 200 AND UC 300 SERIES

SET SCREW STYLE UNITS

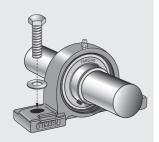
Set screw style units are mounted on the shaft with the help of two set screws in the inner ring located at 120 degrees to each other. The set screw locking mechanism provides ease in mounting and is suitable for applications where the shaft rotation is bidirectional.

Installation procedures for set screw style units are shown below.

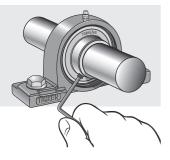
- Ensure that the shaft is clean, free from burrs, straight and of proper diameter. The bearing should not be mounted on a worn section of the shaft. Using shafts with hardness greater than HRC 45 will reduce effectiveness of locking devices. See table 2 for suggested shaft tolerances.
- Install the supplied grease fitting into the threaded lubrication hole on the housing. Align the bearing in its housing and slide the unit into position on the shaft.



Bolt the housing tightly to its mounting supports using an appropriately sized fastener and suggested bolt torque (table 4). Flat washers should be used when installing any kind of housed unit. Washers should be properly sized to bolt diameter.



Lock the bearing to the shaft by tightening each inner ring set screw incrementally to suggested torque levels (see table 3).



ADAPTER STYLE UNITS

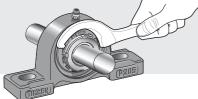
Adapter style units have a tapered bore bearing mounted to the shaft with adapter sleeve assembly, comprised of an adapter sleeve, locknut and lockwasher. This design offers the best shaft concentricity and highest capacity while having the ability to accommodate undersized shafting. These units are most suitable where they are exposed to excessive vibration and impact.

Installation procedures for adapter style units are shown below.

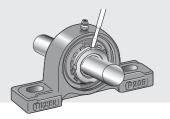
- Ensure that the shaft is clean, free from burrs, straight and of proper diameter. The bearing should not be mounted on a worn section of the shaft. See table 5 for suggested shaft tolerances.
- 2 Slide the adapter sleeve into position on the shaft. If the sleeve is too tight, expand the slot by using a screwdriver as required.
- Slide the bearing unit over the adapter sleeve and loosely install the housed unit to its mounting supports using an appropriately sized fastener. Flat washers should be used when installing any kind of housed unit. Washers should be properly sized to bolt diameter.
- Assemble the lockwasher on the sleeve and thread the locknut onto the adapter sleeve leaving approximately 6.35 mm (1/4 in.) between the lockwasher and the inner ring of the bearing.
- Use a large screwdriver or pry bar to lever the sleeve into position until there is no relative movement between the shaft, adapter sleeve and the bearing's inner ring.

Rotate the locknut until hand-tight. Use a spanner wrench to tighten the locknut to

the suggested torque (see table 6).



Bend a tang on the lockwasher into a slot on the locknut to prevent the locknut from loosening.



Rotate the shaft by hand while tightening the mounting bolts to make sure the shaft rotates freely. Tighten the housed unit mounting bolts to the recommended bolt tightening torque given in table 4.

UEL SERIES

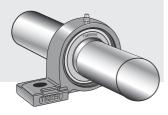
ECCENTRIC LOCKING COLLAR UNITS

The self-locking collar eliminates the need for locknuts, lockwashers, shoulders, sleeves and adapters. For many agricultural and industrial applications, self-locking collars are the easiest housed units to install. The locking collar has a recessed cam made eccentric to the collar bore. When assembled on the shaft, the locking collar engages or mates with the eccentric cam end of a bearing's inner ring. This assembly grips the shaft tightly with a positive binding action that increases with use. No adjustments of any kind are necessary. The collar set screw provides supplementary locking.

Installation procedures for eccentric locking collar style units are shown below.

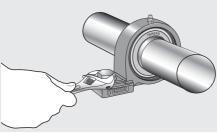
- Ensure that the shaft is clean, free from burrs, straight and of proper diameter. The bearing should not be mounted on a worn section of the shaft. Using shafts with hardness greater than HRC 45 will reduce effectiveness of locking devices. See table 2 for suggested shaft tolerances.
- Install the supplied grease fitting into the threaded lubrication hole on the housing.

 Align the bearing in its housing and slide the unit into position on the shaft.



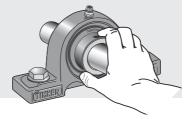
Bolt the housing tightly to its mounting supports using an appropriately sized fastener and suggested bolt torque

(see table 4). Flat washers should be used when installing any kind of housed unit. Washers should be properly sized to bolt diameter.



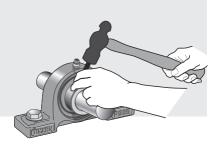
Place the eccentric locking collar on the shaft with its cam adjacent to the cam on the end of the bearing inner

ring. The eccentric collar's recessed cam will engage the corresponding cam on the bearing inner ring. Turn the collar in the direction of shaft rotation.

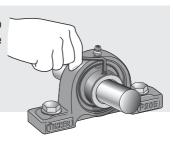


Using a light weight hammer and a drift pin inserted in the

blind hole, tap lightly in the direction of shaft rotation to positively engage the collar. The insert is now locked to the shaft.



Tighten the set screw to suggested torque level (see table 3).



RELUBRICATION

Timken ball bearing housed units are prelubricated. However, periodic relubrication is advisable in some applications for which these units are designed. Consult your equipment manufacturer's operating manual for the specific relubrication cycle. General guidelines are found in table 1 below.

TABLE 1. GENERAL RELUBRICATION SUGGESTIONS FOR GREASED BEARINGS (1)

Condition	Relubrication Interval		
Indoor service	Not required		
Outdoor service	Two/three times per year		
Severe outdoor exposure	Once a month		
High contamination/washdown	Once a week		

 $^{^{\}left(1\right) }$ As a guideline, relubricate until the first indication of grease is observed purging from the bearing.

TECHNICAL DATA

The following tables provide useful installation details related to shaft tolerance, recommended torque for set screws and mounting bolts and bearing internal clearances.

TABLE 2. SUGGESTED SHAFT TOLERANCE (1)

Shaft Size		Shaft Tolerance		
Over	Incl.	Min.	Max.	
mm	mm	mm	mm	
in.	in.	in.	in.	
12	18	0	- 0.011	
0.500	0.625	0.000	- 0.0004	
19	30	0	- 0.013	
0.750	1.000	0.000	- 0.0005	
31	50	0	- 0.016	
1.125	1.938	0.000	- 0.0006	
51 2.000	80	0	- 0.019	
	3.125	0.000	- 0.0007	
81	120	0	- 0.022	
3.250	3.500	0.000	- 0.0009	
120 3.50	140	0	- 0.025	
	4.00	0.000	- 0.0010	

⁽¹⁾ These are for normal service; for heavy loads, high speeds or vertical shaft applications, consult your equipment manufacturer or your local Timken representative.

For shaft tolerance of taper sleeve inserts, see table 5.

TABLE 3. SUGGESTED SET SCREW TIGHTENING TORQUE

Set Screw Size	Tightening	Applicable Bore Ranges			
Set Screw Size	Torque	UC 200 Series	UEL 200 Series	UC 300 Series	
mm in.	N-m inlbs.	361163	Series	Series	
M6 x 0.75	4	201 - 206	204 - 205	305 - 306	
1⁄4 28 UNF	35	201 - 206	_	_	
M8 x 1	9	207 - 209	206 - 210	307	
5/16— 24 UNF	75	207 - 209	-	_	
M10 x 1.25	18	210 - 212	211 - 212	308 - 309	
3/8 — 24 UNF	155	210 - 212	-	-	
M12 x 1.5	28	213 - 218	_	310 - 314	
7/16— 20 UNF	248	-	-	-	
M14 x 1.5	35	-	_	315 - 316	
½ – 20 UNF	248	213 - 218	-	-	
M16 x 1.5	56	-	-	317 - 319	
5/8 — 18 UNF	496	_	_	_	
M18 x 1.5	62	-	-	320 - 324	
34-16 UNF	549	-	_	-	
M20 x 1.5	83	-	_	326 - 328	
-	_	-	-	-	

For tightening torques of adapter locknuts, see table 6.

TABLE 4. SUGGESTED MOUNTING BOLT TORQUE

Bolt Size	Tightening Torque	Bolt Size	Tightening Torque
mm	N-m	in.	ftlbs.
M10	12 – 21	3/8	9 – 16
M12	21 – 37	7/16	16 – 27
M14	34 – 60	1/2	26 – 44
M16	53 – 93	5/8	39 - 69
M20	104 – 186	3/4	77 – 137
M22	143 – 256	7/8	106 – 190
M27	266 – 478	1	196 – 353
M30	360 – 645	1 1/8	265 – 476
M33	494 – 885	1 1/4	364 – 653
M36	631 – 1130	13/8	465 – 833
M39	740 – 1320	1½	521 - 974
M42	858 – 1533	1 %	609 - 1131

Since tapered bore bearings are fixed to the shaft with an adapter, a looser fit is allowable since the adapter sleeve provides excellent concentricity. This makes mounting of the bearing to the shaft much easier.

Table 5 shows the dimensional tolerance of the shaft used with tapered bore bearings (with adapters).

TABLE 5. DIMENSIONAL TOLERANCE OF SHAFT USED FOR TAPERED BORE BEARINGS (WITH ADAPTERS)

Shaft Dia.		Dimensional Tolerance of Shaft			
Silai	ι ыа.	h8		h9	
Over	Incl.	Min. Max.		Min.	Max.
mm in.	mm in.	mm in.	mm in.	mm in.	mm in.
18	30	-0.033	0	-0.052	0
5/8	1 1/4	-0.0013	0	-0.0020	0
30	50	-0.039	0	-0.062	0
11/4	2	-0.0015	0	-0.0024	0
50	80	-0.046	0	-0.074	0
2	3 1/2	-0.0018	0	-0.0029	0

TABLE 6. TIGHTENING TORQUES OF ADAPTER LOCKNUTS (REFERENCE)

	UK 200 Series			
	Standa	Heavy Load		
Bore Code	Min.	Max.	(Max. x 1.5)	
	N-m ftlbs.	N-m ftlbs.	N-m ftlbs.	
-	25	38	56	
5	18	28	41	
6	30	45	68	
0	22	33	50	
7	40	60	90	
/	30	44	66	
8	50	75	113	
	37	55	83	
9	60	90	135	
	44	66	100	
10	75	113	169	
	55	83	125	
11	100	150	225	
	74	111	166	
12	130	195	293	
12	76	144	216	
13	150	225	338	
	111	166	249	
15	170	255	383	
13	125	188	282	
16	200	300	450	
10	148	221	332	

RADIAL INTERNAL CLEARANCE

In the manufacture of ball bearings, it is standard practice to assemble rings and rolling elements with a specified internal clearance. This characteristic is necessary to absorb the loss of clearance due to press fitting the bearing rings at mounting or due to expansion of bearings, shafts and housings. Internal clearance in an application is an important factor that has a significant influence on bearing performance as well as characteristics of heat, noise and vibration.

Table 7 shows the applicable internal clearance for different series bearings and Table 8 shows the available options for internal clearance.

TABLE 7. INTERNAL CLEARANCES - DIFFERENT SERIES

Bearing Bore	Internal Clearance
Cylindrical (UC, UEL)	CN
Tapered (UK)	C3

TABLE 8. INTERNAL CLEARANCE

Nominal	Bearing	Radial Internal Clearance			
Bore	Dia. d	CN		C3	
Over	Incl.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
			μm		
10	18	3	18	11	25
18	24	5	20	13	28
24	30	5	20	13	28
30	40	6	20	15	33
40	50	6	23	18	36
50	65	8	28	23	43
65	80	10	30	25	51
80	100	12	36	30	58
100	120	15	41	36	66
120	140	18	48	41	81

Remarks

- 1. Radial internal clearance given in the above table comply with JIS B 1558.
- 2. Increase in the internal clearance caused due to the applied measured load is given in the Table 9 below. The correction is applicable to the maximum clearance.

TABLE 9. CORRECTION OF CLEARANCE

Nominal Bearing Bore Dia. d		Measured Load	Correction of Clearance	
Over	Incl.		CN	C3
mm		N	μт	
2.5	18	24.5	4	4
18	50	49	5	6
50	280	147	8	9



Failure to observe the following warnings could create a risk of death or serious injury.

Proper maintenance and handling practices are critical. Always follow installation instructions and maintain proper lubrication.

Overheated bearings can ignite explosive atmospheres.

Special care must be taken to properly select, install,
maintain and lubricate housed unit bearings that are used in or
near atmospheres that may contain explosive levels of combustible
gases or accumulations of dust such as grain,
coal, or other combustible materials. Consult your
equipment designer or supplier for installation and
maintenance instructions.

If hammer and bar are used for installation or removal of a part, use a mild steel bar (e.g., 1010 or 1020 grade). Mils steel bars are less likely to cause release of high speed fragments from the hammer or bar or the part being installed or removed.

! CAUTION

Failure to follow these cautions may result in property damage.

Do not use damaged housed units.

NOTE:

Do not use excessive force when mounting or dismounting the unit.

Follow all tolerance, fit and torque recommendations.

Always follow the Original Equipment Manufacturer's installation and maintenance guidelines.

Ensure proper alignment.

Never weld housed units.

Do not heat components with an open flame.

Do not operate at bearing temperatures above 250° F (121° C).

For additional Timken product warnings, visit www.timken.com/warnings.

TIMKEN

The Timken team applies their know-how to improve the reliability and performance of machinery in diverse markets worldwide. The company designs, makes and markets high-performance mechanical components, including bearings, belts, brakes, clutches, chain, couplings, gears and related mechanical power transmission products and services.

Stronger. By Design. www.timken.com